

Table Captions

Table 1. Unique characteristics of the lakes.

Table 2. Physiographic statistics for Lake Victoria

Table 3. Physiographic statistics for Lake Tanganyika

Table 4. Physiographic statistics for Lake Malawi/Nyasa

Table 5. Physiographic statistics for Lake Naivasha

Table 6. Physiographic statistics for Lake Nakuru

Table 7. Physiographic statistics for Lake Baringo

Table 8. Physiographic statistics for Lake Chad

Table 9. Physiographic statistics for Lake Kariba

Table 10. Physiographic Statistics for Lake Malawi/Nyasa

Table 11. Flora (Macrophytes, Phytoplanktons) and Fauna (Fish) found in the lakes

Table 1.

L. Victoria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The second largest fresh water lake in the world • Hosts 500+ species of cichlids • Supports about 30 million people • Source of River Nile • Fastest cichlid fish evolution recorded
L. Tanganyika	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approximately 12 million years old • The oldest of African lakes and second to lake Baikal in age and depth • Hosts 250+ species of cichlids • Hosts about 600 non cichlid species • Hosts about 2,000 species of plants and animals • Supports about 10 million people
L. Malawi/Nyasa	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approximately 2 million years old • Hosts 700+ species of cichlids • Supports about 11 million people
L. Naivasha	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only fresh water lake in the Kenya's Rift Valley floor • Hosts over 400 species of birds • Habitat to several animal species • Supports about 250,000 people • Only lake with community management
L. Nakuru	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Home to flocks of flamingo birds, greater and lesser cormorants, 1.5 million birds and wildlife species • Tourist attraction site • Supports 400,000 people
L. Baringo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 300 species of birds identified • Home to fish and animal species • Aesthetic beauty
L. Chad	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supports 20 million people • Once second largest wetland in Africa • Fastest drying lake in Africa • Hosts 93 species of fish
L. Kariba	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One of the largest man made lakes in the world • Source of water, electricity, fisheries, recreation and bird watching • Home to birds and animal species

Table 2

Latitude	0° 21' N
Longitude	3° 0' S
Age	About 400,000 years
Altitude	1100 m
Length	337 km
width	240 km
Surface Area	68,870 km ²
Volume	2,760 km ³
Shoreline	3450 km
Perimeter	3200 km
Maximum depth	84 m
Mean depth	40 m
Catchments	184,000 km ²
Oxygenated Zone	-35 m
Transparency	1.5 m
Temperature	24°C- 28°C
pH	7.6-8.2

Table 3

Latitude	03° 20' - 08° 48' S
Longitude	29° 03' - 31° 12' E
Age	About 12 million years
Altitude	773 masl
Length	673 km
width	12-90 km, average about 50 km
Surface Area	32,600 km ²
Volume	18,880 km ³
Shoreline	1,838 km
Maximum depth	1,320 m in north basin, 1,470 m in south basin
Mean depth	570 m
Catchments	220,000 km ²
Stratification	Permanent, meromictic
Oxygenated Zone	-70 m depth in north, -200 m depth in south
Transparency	7-16 m
Temperature	23-27°C
pH	8.6-9.2
Salinity	About 460 mg/l

Table 4.

Latitude	9° 34'-14° 40'S
Longitude	33° 50'-33° 36'E
Age	About 2 million years
Altitude	471m
Length	505/603km
width	87km
Surface Area	43,935-52,461km ²
Volume	84,000km ³
Shoreline	1500km
Maximum depth	704-785m
Mean depth	290-426m
Catchments	126,500km ²
Oxygenated Zone	170-210m
Transparency	12-20m
Temperature	22.1-29.5°C (depending on depth)
pH	7.9-9.1 surface, 7.8 (300m deep)

Table 5.

Latitude	0° 42' - 0° 50'S
Longitude	36° 16'-36° 26'E
Age	2 million
Altitude	1885 m
Length	17km
width	14km
Surface Area	180-210km ²
Volume	50-600 m ³
Perimeter	130 km
Maximum depth	Crescent island, 15 m
Mean depth	4-6 m
Catchments	3,292 km ²
Oxygenated Zone	5.6-8.2 mg/l
Temperature	Mean Max. 19.5-23°C, Min. 16°C
pH	8.5-9.0
Salinity	150-185 mg/l
Evaporation	1735-1865 mm/yr

Table 6.

Latitude	0° 22'S
Longitude	36° 05' E
Altitude	1,759 masl
Surface Area	42 km ²
Volume	0.092 km ³
Maximum depth	4.0 m
Mean depth	2.5 m
Catchments	1800 km ²
Oxygenated Zone	Mean 6-8mg/l
Evaporation	1539 mm/yr
Temperature	18.2°C
pH	10.5
Salinity	122mg/l

Table 7.

Latitude	0° 32' – 0° 44'N
Longitude	36° 02' – 36° 08'E
Altitude	975 m asl
Length	22 km
Width	10 km
Surface Area	129 km ²
Maximum depth	8 m
Catchments	6,820 km
Conductivity	420 µS/cm
Secchi depth	0.1 m
Temperature	21 – 31 °C
PH	8-9

Table 8.

Latitude	12° 20'-14° 20' N
Longitude	13° 00'-15° 20'E
Altitude	280 m asl
Surface Area	10,000-25,000 km ²
Volume	72 km ³
Shoreline	500-800 km
Maximum depth	10-11m
Mean depth	1.5 m
Catchments	2,426,370 km ²
Temperature	20 – 30 °C
pH	7.2-8.0

Table 9.

Site Name	AFR-04	
Lake Name	Lake Kariba	
State	Southern, Zambia; and Matabeleland North and Mashonaland West, Zi	
Country	Zambia and Zimbabwe	
Latitude	17:2S	
Longitude	27:5E	
Altitude [m]	485	

Surface area [m ²]	5,400,000,000	Volume [m ³]	160,000,000,000
Maximum depth [m]	78	Mean depth [m]	31
Water level control	Regulated	Normal range of annual water level fluctuation [m]	2.5
Length of shoreline [m]	2,164,000	Residence time [yr]	3
Catchments area [m ²]	663,000,000,000	Hours of bright Sunshine [hr yr ⁻¹]	2,920
Solar radiation [MJ m ⁻² day ⁻¹]	23.9	Freezing period	None
Mixing type	Monomictic	Annual fish catch [t yr ⁻¹]	11,000

Table 10.

Site Name	AFR-13	
Lake Name	Lake Nyasa (Lake Malawi)	
State	Niassa, Mozambique; Malawi; and Ruvuma, Tanzania	
Country	Mozambique, Malawi and Tanzania	
Latitude	:1S	
Longitude	34:5E	
Altitude [m]	500	
		Photo : H. Bootsma

Surface area [m2]	6,400,000,000	Volume [m3]	8,400,000,000,000
Maximum depth [m]	706	Mean depth [m]	292
Water level control	Regulated	Normal range of annual water level fluctuation [m]	1.25
Length of shoreline [m]	245,000	Residence time [yr]	-
Catchments area [m2]	6,593,000,000	Hours of bright Sunshine [hr yr-1]	2,860

Table 11.

species	L. Victoria	L. Tanganyika	L. Malawi	L. Naivasha	L. Nakuru	L. Chad	L. Baringo	L. Kariba
<i>A. antinorii</i>				+				
<i>O. spirilus niger</i>				+				
<i>M. salmoides</i>				+				
<i>T. zillii</i>	+			+		+		
<i>O. leucostictus</i>				+				
<i>O. niloticus</i>				+			+	
<i>L. reticulata</i>				+				
<i>O. mykiss</i>				+				
<i>B. amphigrama</i>				+				
<i>Microcystis aeruginosa (Kutz.) Kutz</i>				+				
<i>Cyanophyta</i>				+				
<i>Chlorophyta</i>				+				
<i>Bacillariophyta</i>				+				
<i>Cyperus papyrus</i>	+	+		+			+	
<i>Eichhornia crassipes</i>				+				
<i>Pistia stratiotes</i>		+		+		+	+	
<i>Salvinia molesta</i>				+				
<i>Wolffia arrhiza</i>				+				
<i>Nymphaea caerulea (water lilies)</i>		+		+		+	+	
<i>Potamogeton schweinfurthii</i>	+			+				
<i>P. pectinatus</i>				+				
<i>P. octandrus</i>				+				
<i>Najas pectinata</i>				+				
<i>Ipomoea aquatica</i>						+		
<i>Cyrtobagus salviniae</i>				+				
<i>Samea multiplicatus</i>				+				
<i>Neochetina bruchii</i>				+				
<i>Microcystis aeruginosa</i>				+			+	
<i>Lyngbya</i>				+				
<i>Oscillatoria</i>				+				

<i>Tilapia rendalli</i>	+		+			+		+
<i>Claiasr gariepinus</i>								+
<i>Synodontis nebulosus</i>						+		+
<i>Schilbe mystus</i>						+		+
<i>Heterobranchus longifilis</i>								+
<i>Malapterurus electricus</i>								+
<i>Eutopius depressirostris</i>								+
<i>Sarotherodon mossambicus</i>								+
<i>Brachionus calyciflorus</i>							+	
<i>Keratella tropica</i>							+	
<i>Barbus gregori</i>	+						+	
<i>Clarius mossambicus</i>	+						+	
<i>Labeo cylindricus</i>							+	
<i>Citharanus distichodoides</i>						+		
<i>Labeo coubie</i>						+		
<i>Heterotis niloticus</i>						+		
<i>Alestes ssp.</i>	+					+		
<i>Lemna perpusilla</i>						+		
<i>Spirodela polyrhiza</i>						+		
<i>Azolla africana</i>		+				+		
<i>Neptunia oleracea</i>						+		
<i>Potamogeton spp.</i>		+				+		
<i>Vallisneria spp.</i>						+		
<i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>	+	+				+		
<i>Utricularia spp.</i>		+				+		
<i>Spirulina platensis</i>	+				+			
<i>Cyperus laevigatus</i>					+			
<i>Typha domingensis</i>	+				+			
<i>Sporobolus spicatus</i>					+			
<i>Paradiaptomus africana</i>					+			

<i>Brachionus spp.</i>					+			
<i>Oreochromis alcalicus grahami</i>					+			
<i>Varicorhinus nyassensis</i>			+					
<i>Labeo mesops</i>			+					
<i>Opsaridium microcephalus</i>			+					
<i>Bagrus meridionalis</i>			+					
<i>Bathyclarias sp</i>			+					
<i>Oreochromis squamipinnis</i>			+					
<i>O. shirana</i>			+					
<i>O. saka</i>			+					
<i>Haplochromis kiwinge</i>	+		+					
<i>H. livingstonii</i>	+		+					
<i>H. taeniolatus</i>	+		+					
<i>H. phenochilus</i>	+		+					
<i>Lethrinops sp</i>			+					
<i>Pseudotropheus sp</i>			+					
<i>Labidochromis sp.</i>			+					
<i>Labeotropheus sp.</i>			+					
<i>Serranochromis thumbergi</i>			+					
<i>Rhamphochromis sp</i>			+					
<i>Thpha, Carex</i>		+						
<i>Stolothrissa tanganikae</i>		+						
<i>Limnothrissa miodon</i>		+						
<i>Lamprichthys tanganicus</i>		+						
<i>Engraulicypris minutus</i>		+						
<i>Bathybates minor</i>		+						
<i>Bolengorochromis microlepis</i>		+						
<i>Lates mariae</i>		+						
<i>L. angustifrons</i>		+						
<i>L. stappersi</i>		+						
<i>Phragmites spp</i>	+							

<i>Vossia</i>	+							
<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	+							
<i>Polygonum spp</i>	+							
<i>Tilapia niloticus</i>	+							
<i>Labeo victorianus</i>	+							
<i>Protopterus aethiopicus</i>	+							
<i>Bagrus docmac</i>	+							
<i>Scibe</i>	+							
<i>Melosira nyassensis</i>	+							
<i>Lyngbya contorta</i>	+							
<i>Pediastrum clathratum</i>	+							
<i>Glenodinium spp.</i>	+							
<i>enedesmus spp</i>	+							
<i>Cyclotella spp</i>	+							
<i>Fragillaria spp</i>	+							
<i>scillatoria spp</i>	+							
<i>Kirchneriella sp</i>		+						
<i>Treubaria sp</i>		+						
<i>Chroococcus limneticus</i>		+						
<i>Chrysochromulina parva</i>		+						+
<i>Chromulina sp.</i>		+						
<i>Nitzschia sp</i>		+			+			
<i>Stephanodiscus sp.</i>		+						
<i>Strombidium sp</i>		+						
<i>Closterium aciculare</i>						+		
<i>Pediastrum sp</i>						+		
<i>Botryococcus sp.</i>						+		
<i>Microcystis sp.</i>						+		
<i>Melosira granulata</i>						+		+
<i>Surirella muelleri</i>						+		

<i>Cylindrospermopsis raciborskii</i>									+
<i>Lyngbya sp</i>									+
<i>Synedra acus</i>									+
<i>Peridinopsis cunningtonii</i>									+
<i>Synechococcus spp</i>						+			
<i>Anabaenopsis arnoldii</i>						+			
<i>A. elenkinii</i>						+			
<i>Navicula elkab</i>						+			
<i>Nitzschia frustulum</i>						+			
<i>Chroococcus minutus</i>						+			

Source: World Lakes Database, A Directory of African Wetlands,